1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)
4	ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 449 By: Dugger of the Senate
5	and
6	West (Kevin) of the House
7	
8	
9	
10	An Act relating to liens; amending 42 O.S. 2011, Section 147.1, which relates to mechanics and materialmen's liens; modifying date by which cash
11	deposit and accrued interest shall be forfeited to
12	the county general fund; and providing an effective date.
13	
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 42 O.S. 2011, Section 147.1, is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	Section 147.1. Any property owner or other interested party,
19	including but not limited to mortgagees, contractors, subcontractors
20	and others against whom a lien claim is filed under the provisions
21	of the law relating to mechanics' and materialmen's liens, may at
22	any time discharge the lien by depositing with the county clerk in
23	whose office the lien claim has been filed either: An amount of
24	money equal to one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the lien

1 claim amount; or a corporate surety bond with a penal amount equal 2 to one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the lien claim amount. 3 Within three (3) business days after the deposit of money or bond is made, the county clerk shall serve upon the lien claimant, at the 4 5 address shown on the lien claim, written notice setting forth: The number of the lien claim; the name of the lien claimant; the name of 6 7 the property owner; the name of the alleged debtor, if someone other than the property owner; the property description shown on the lien 8 9 claim; and the amount of cash deposited or, if a bond is filed, the 10 names of the principal and surety and the bond penalty. The party 11 seeking to discharge the lien shall prepare and deliver the notice 12 to the county clerk and pay a fee in accordance with Section 32 of Title 28 of the Oklahoma Statutes. An abbreviated notice may be 13 used if the same refers to and encloses a copy of the lien claim and 14 15 either a copy of the cash receipt issued by the county clerk or a 16 copy of the bond with the clerk's filing stamp thereon. The notice shall be mailed by registered or certified mail at the option of the 17 county clerk. 18

19 If cash is deposited, the county clerk shall immediately show 20 the lien released of record. If a bond is deposited, the lien 21 claimant shall have ten (10) days after the notice is mailed within 22 which to file a written objection with the county clerk. If a 23 written objection is not timely filed the county clerk shall 24 immediately show the lien released of record. If an objection is

1 timely made, the county clerk shall set a hearing within ten (10) 2 days thereafter and notify by ordinary mail both the lien claimant 3 and the party making the deposit of the date and time thereof. The only grounds for objection shall be that: The surety is not 4 5 authorized to transact business in this state; the bond is not properly signed; the penal amount is less than one hundred twenty-6 7 five percent (125%) of the claim; the power of attorney of the surety's attorney-in-fact does not authorize the execution; there is 8 9 no power of attorney attached if the bond is executed by anyone 10 other than the surety's president and attested by its secretary; or 11 a cease and desist order has been issued against the surety either 12 by the Insurance Commissioner or a court of competent jurisdiction. Within two (2) business days following the hearing the county clerk 13 shall either sustain or overrule the objections and notify the 14 parties of the county clerk's ruling by ordinary mail. If the 15 objections are sustained, the ruling of the county clerk shall be 16 conclusive for lien release purposes unless appealed within ten (10) 17 days to the district court. If the objections are overruled, the 18 county clerk shall immediately show the lien released of record. 19 The bond shall: Name the lien claimant as obligee and the party 20 seeking the release as principal; be executed by both the principal 21 and the surety; have a proper power of attorney attached if executed 22 by an attorney-in-fact; be executed by a corporate surety authorized 23 to transact business in this state; and be conditioned that the 24

1 principal and surety will pay the full amount of the claim as 2 established in any appropriate court proceeding, plus any court 3 costs and attorney fees awarded the lien claimant, but in no event shall the liability of the principal or surety under the bond exceed 4 5 the bond penalty. The preceding clause shall not limit the common 6 law liability of the party who created the indebtedness upon which the lien claim is based. The conditions of any bond filed pursuant 7 to this section shall be deemed to comply with the requirements 8 9 hereof, regardless of the language or limitations set forth therein, 10 if both the principal and surety intend that the bond be filed to 11 secure a lien release under this section.

The cash deposit or bond, as the case may be, shall stand in lieu of the released lien, and the lien claimant must proceed against the substituted security in the same time and manner as is required for foreclosure of a lien claim. The cash deposit or bond shall stand liable for such principal, interest, court costs and attorney fees to the extent they could be awarded in a lien foreclosure proceeding.

19 The only proper parties to an action against the substituted 20 security are: The party making the cash deposit; the bond principal 21 and surety; the party primarily liable for the indebtedness giving 22 rise to the lien claim; and anyone else who may be liable to the 23 lien claimant for the same indebtedness. The party making the cash 24 deposit and the bond principal and surety are necessary parties to 1 an action against the substituted security, and by making a deposit 2 or filing a bond the parties subject themselves to personal 3 jurisdiction in the court where the action is properly filed and may 4 be served with process as in other cases.

5 If the lien claimant fails to timely file a foreclosure action, 6 upon application of the party making the deposit or filing the bond and the payment of a fee of Ten Dollars (\$10.00), the county clerk 7 shall return the cash to the party making the deposit or 8 9 appropriately note on the bond that the same has been released. The 10 clerk shall not incur liability to any lien claimant for an 11 inadvertent release of cash or bond. At the end of ten (10) three 12 (3) years and after the county clerk has attempted written notification to the lien claimant at the address shown on the lien 13 claim, if no foreclosure has been commenced by the lien claimant or 14 15 such money has not been withdrawn upon application of the depositing 16 party, the cash deposit plus all accrued interest shall be forfeited to the county general fund. 17

18 Nothing contained in this section shall preclude the lien 19 claimant and other interested parties from entering into agreements 20 for the substitution of a different form of security in lieu of the 21 lien claim.

The county clerk shall invest the deposited cash in the manner provided for county treasurers in Section 348.1 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Any interest earned thereon shall become a part

1	of the deposit and be either returned to the party making the
2	deposit, if no action is filed, or paid in accordance with any final
3	judgment rendered by the court in the action against the substituted
4	security. If a district court judgment adverse to the depositing
5	party is entered, in setting the amount of supersedeas bond the
6	court shall take into consideration the existing cash deposit or
7	bond.
8	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2019.
9	
10	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, dated 03/27/2019 - DO PASS.
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	